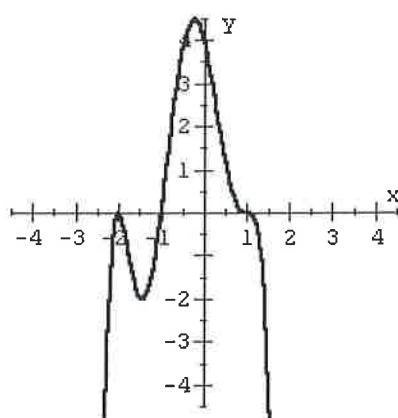
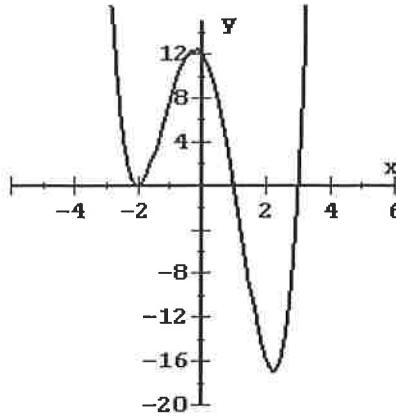
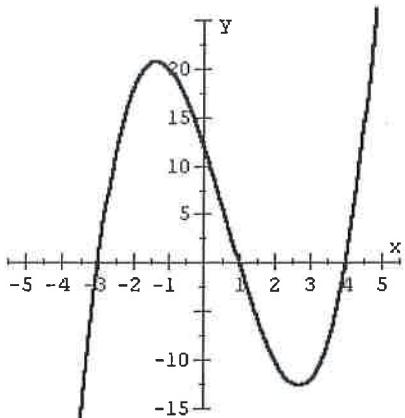


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Factoring Polynomials – Finding Zeros of Polynomials - 1

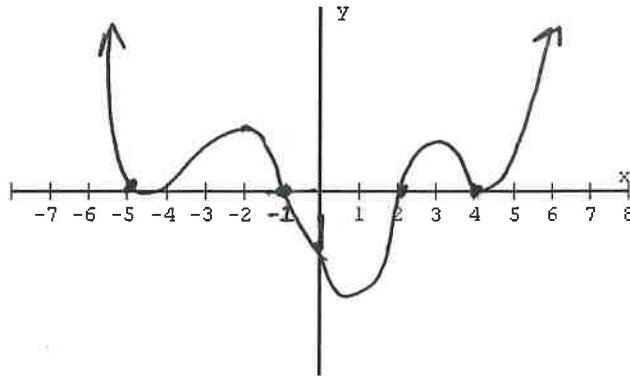
Give a possible **factorization** of the following polynomials. Do NOT multiply out the factors!



1) $f(x) = (x+3)(x-1)(x-4)$ 2) $f(x) = (x+3)^2(x-1)(x-3)$ 3) $f(x) = (x+2)^2(x+1)(x-1)$

- 4) Sketch a Graph of a polynomial with the given zeros and corresponding multiplicities.
(note: the graph is not unique)

$$\begin{aligned}x &= -5, \text{ of multiplicity } 2 \\x &= -1, \text{ of multiplicity } 1 \\x &= 2, \text{ of multiplicity } 3 \\x &= 4, \text{ of multiplicity } 2\end{aligned}$$



- 5) Find the zeros of the following polynomial function and state the multiplicity of each zero.

$$f(x) = x(x-1)^2(2x+1)(x+4)^3$$

$x = 0$	mult 1
$x = 1$	mult 2
$x = -\frac{1}{2}$	mult 1
$x = -4$	mult 3

- 6) Find a polynomial function of degree 3 with the given zeros.

Write your answer in the form: $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$

$$x = -2, x = -1, x = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= (x+2)(x+1)(x-2) \\f(x) &= (x+2)(x^2-x-2) \\f(x) &= x^3 - x^2 - 2x + 2x^2 - 2x - 4 \\f(x) &= \boxed{x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4}\end{aligned}$$

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- 7) Find a polynomial function (**factored form**) of degree 3 which has the corresponding table of values to the right.

$$f(x) = (x-3)(x-1)(x+2)$$

x	y
4	18
3	0
2	-4
1	0
0	6
-1	8
-2	0
-3	-24
-4	-70

Factor the following polynomial functions completely.

Exact answers only!!! No Decimal approximations allowed!

- 8) FACTOR: $f(x) = x^5 + 2x^4 - 18x^3 - 4x^2 + 49x - 30$

see attached

- 9) FACTOR: $f(x) = 6x^4 - 7x^3 - 73x^2 + 14x + 24$

see attached

List the real zeros of the following polynomial. **Exact answers only!!! No Decimal approx.**

- 10) $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 10x^2 - 14x + 21$

possible roots: $\pm 1, 3, 7, 21$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \underline{1} \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad -10 \quad -14 \quad 21 \\
 \downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad -7 \quad -21 \\
 -3 \quad \underline{1} \quad 3 \quad -7 \quad -21 \quad \text{😊} \\
 \downarrow \quad -3 \quad 0 \quad 21 \\
 \hline
 1 \quad 0 \quad -7 \quad \text{😊}
 \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = (x-1)(x+3)(x^2-7)$$

$$x = 1, -3, \pm\sqrt{7}$$

$$8) f(x) = x^5 + 2x^4 - 18x^3 - 4x^2 + 49x - 30$$

possible roots: $\pm 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{-5} | & 1 & 2 & -18 & -4 & 49 & -30 \\ & \downarrow & -5 & 15 & 15 & -55 & 30 \\ \hline & 1 & -3 & -3 & 11 & -6 & \text{😊} \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{-3} | & 1 & -3 & 10 & -14 & 6 \\ & \downarrow & -3 & 10 & -14 & 6 \\ \hline & 1 & -5 & 7 & -3 & \text{😊} \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{1} | & 1 & -4 & 3 \\ & \downarrow & 1 & -4 & 3 \\ \hline & 1 & -4 & 3 & \text{😊} \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = (x+5)(x+3)(x-1)(x^2 - 4x + 3)$$

$$f(x) = (x+5)(x+3)(x-1)(x-3)(x-1)$$

$$f(x) = (x+5)(x+3)(x-1)^2(x-3)$$

$$9) f(x) = 6x^4 - 7x^3 - 73x^2 + 14x + 24$$

possible roots: $\pm \frac{\text{factors of } 24}{\text{factors of } 6}$

$$\pm \frac{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24}{1, 2, 3, 6} \rightarrow \pm 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, 2, \frac{2}{3}, 3, \frac{3}{2}, 4, \frac{4}{3}, 6, 8, \frac{8}{3}, 12, 24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{-3} | & 6 & -7 & -73 & 14 & 24 \\ & \downarrow & & -18 & 75 & -6 & -24 \\ \hline \underline{4} | & 6 & -25 & 2 & 8 & \text{😊} \\ & \downarrow & 24 & -4 & -8 \\ \hline & 6 & -1 & -2 & \text{😊} \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = (x+3)(x-4)(6x^2 - x - 2)$$

$$6x^2 - 4x + 3x - 2 \\ 2x(3x-2) + 1(3x-2)$$

$$f(x) = (x+3)(x-4)(3x-2)(2x+1)$$